## **Introduced by Senator Morrow**

April 7, 2005

Senate Constitutional Amendment No. 14—A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment to the Constitution of the State, by amending Section 3 of, and by repealing Section 3.5 of, Article XIII thereof, relating to taxation.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SCA 14, as introduced, Morrow. Property tax.

The California Constitution and existing property tax law exempt from property taxation property in the amount of \$4,000 of a veteran, as specified, that meets certain military service requirements, and generally exempts from property taxation the same amount of property of a deceased veteran's unmarried spouse and parents. These provisions preclude these persons from claiming these exemptions if their total property holdings exceed a specified amount. The California Constitution and existing property tax law also establish a homeowners' exemption to exempt from property taxation the first \$7,000 of value of a dwelling that constitutes the taxpayer's principal place of residence, as provided.

This measure would repeal the existing property tax exemptions for veterans, their unmarried spouses, and their parents to establish the Military and Veterans' Homeowners' Exemption. This measure would provide a property tax exemption for the principal place of residence of qualified persons, which this measure would define as active military personnel and veterans, who reside in the state and whose service or discharge meets certain conditions, and the resident, unmarried spouses of deceased veterans who were eligible for exemption prior to their death. This measure would provide that this exemption is 10% higher than the general homeowners' exemption

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and would be available to a qualified person without regard to the value of his or her property holdings.

Vote: <sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub>. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

- Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the Legislature of the State of California at its 2005-06 Regular Session commencing on the sixth day of December, 2004, two-thirds of the membership of each house concurring, hereby
- 5 proposes to the people of the State of California, that the 6 Constitution of the State be amended as follows:
- First—That Section 3 of Article XIII thereof is amended to 8 read:
  - SEC. 3. The following are exempt from property taxation:
  - (a) Property owned by the State.

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- (b) Property owned by a local government, except as otherwise provided in Section 11(a) subdivision (a) of Section 11.
- (c) Bonds issued by the State or a local government in the State.
- (d) Property used for libraries and museums that are free and open to the public and property used exclusively for public schools, community colleges, state colleges, and state universities.
- (e) Buildings, land, equipment, and securities used exclusively for educational purposes by a nonprofit institution of higher education.
- (f) Buildings, land on which they are situated, and equipment used exclusively for religious worship.
- (g) Property used or held exclusively for the permanent deposit of human dead or for the care and maintenance of the property or the dead, except when used or held for profit. This property is also exempt from special assessment.
  - (h) Growing crops.
- (i) Fruit and nut trees until 4 years after the season in which they were planted in orchard form and grape vines until 3 years after the season in which they were planted in vineyard form.
- 32 (j) Immature forest trees planted on lands not previously 33 bearing merchantable timber or planted or of natural growth on 34 lands from which the merchantable original growth timber stand 35 to the extent of 70 percent of all trees over 16 inches in diameter

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has been removed. Forest trees or timber shall be considered mature at such time after 40 years from the time of planting or removal of the original timber when so declared by a majority vote of a board consisting of a representative from the State Board of Forestry, a representative from the State Board of Equalization, and the assessor of the county in which the trees are located.

The Legislature may supersede the foregoing provisions with an alternative system or systems of taxing or exempting forest trees or timber, including a taxation system not based on property valuation. Any alternative system or systems shall provide for exemption of unharvested immature trees, shall encourage the continued use of timberlands for the production of trees for timber products, and shall provide for restricting the use of timberland to the production of timber products and compatible uses with provisions for taxation of timberland based on the restrictions. Nothing in this This paragraph shall not be construed to exclude timberland from the provisions of Section 8 of this article.

(k) \$7,000 Seven thousand dollars (\$7,000) of the full value of a dwelling, as defined by the Legislature, when occupied by an owner as his principal residence, unless the dwelling is receiving another real property exemption. The Legislature may increase this exemption and may deny it if the owner received state or local aid to pay taxes either in whole or in part, and either directly or indirectly, on the dwelling.

No increase in this exemption above the amount of \$7,000 seven thousand dollars (\$7,000) shall be effective for any fiscal year unless the Legislature increases the rate of state taxes in an amount sufficient to provide the subventions required by Section 25.

If the Legislature increases the homeowners' property tax exemption, it shall provide increases in benefits to qualified renters, as defined by law, comparable to the average increase in benefits to homeowners, as calculated by the Legislature.

- (*l*) Vessels of more than 50 tons burden in this State and engaged in the transportation of freight or passengers.
- (m) Household furnishings and personal effects not held or used in connection with a trade, profession, or business.
  - (n) Any debt secured by land.

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- 1 (o) Property in the amount of \$1,000 of a claimant who—
- 2 (1) is serving in or has served in and has been discharged 3 under honorable conditions from service in the United States
- 4 Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, or Revenue
- 5 Marine (Revenue Cutter) Service; and—
  - (2) served either

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- (i) in time of war, or
- (ii) in time of peace in a campaign or expedition for which a medal has been issued by Congress, or
- (iii) in time of peace and because of a service-connected disability was released from active duty; and—
  - (3) resides in the State on the current lien date.

An unmarried person who owns property valued at \$5,000 or more, or a married person, who, together with the spouse, owns property valued at \$10,000 or more, is incligible for this exemption.

If the claimant is married and does not own property eligible for the full amount of the exemption, property of the spouse shall be eligible for the unused balance of the exemption.

- (p) Property in the amount of \$1,000 of a claimant who—
- (1) is the unmarried spouse of a deceased veteran who met the service requirement stated in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection 3(0), and
  - (2) does not own property in excess of \$10,000, and
  - (3) is a resident of the State on the current lien date.
  - (g) Property in the amount of \$1,000 of a claimant who—
- (1) is the parent of a deceased veteran who met the service requirement stated in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection 3(0), and
- (2) receives a pension because of the veteran's service, and
  - (3) is a resident of the State on the current lien date.
- 32 Either parent of a deceased veteran may claim this exemption.
  - An unmarried person who owns property valued at \$5,000 or more, or a married person, who, together with the spouse, owns property valued at \$10,000 or more, is ineligible for this exemption.
  - (r) No individual residing in the State on the effective date of this amendment who would have been eligible for the exemption provided by the previous section 1½ of this article had it not

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been repealed shall lose eligibility for the exemption as a result of this amendment.

- (o) (1) For a dwelling that is owned and occupied as the principal residence of a qualified person, an amount that is 10 percent greater than the amount of the homeowners' exemption granted under the authority of subdivision (k). This exemption is known and may be cited as the Military and Veterans' Homeowners' Exemption.
- (2) For purposes of this subdivision, "qualified person" means both of the following:
- (A) A person who resides in California on the lien date and who is serving in, or who has served in and has been discharged under honorable conditions from service in, the United States Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, or Revenue Marine (Revenue Cutter) Service during either of the following:
- (i) A time of war or in a time of peace in a campaign or expedition for which a medal has been issued by Congress.
- (ii) A time of peace and because of a service-connected disability was released from active duty.
- (B) The unmarried surviving spouse, who resides in California on the lien date, of a deceased person who met the requirements of subparagraph (A) on the lien date immediately preceding his or her death.
- Second—That Section 3.5 of Article XIII thereof is repealed.
- SEC. 3.5. In any year in which the assessment ratio is changed, the Legislature shall adjust the valuation of assessable property described in subdivisions (o), (p) and (q) of Section 3 of
- 28 this article to maintain the same proportionate values of such
- 29 property.